Finding closure to this challenging time starts with talking to a doctor



This guide will help you have a conversation about treating your diabetic foot wound (DFU) and how EPIFIX® may be able to help.

EPIFIX: For Use in the Treatment of Hard-to-Heal Wounds

EPIFIX provides a protective environment during the treatment of chronic wounds, such as diabetic foot ulcers (DFUs), and supports the body's natural healing process.

Before turning to EPIFIX, your doctor will clean your wound and provide standard wound treatment for 30 days in order to give your DFU a chance to heal. If your DFU hasn't begun to heal in this time frame, your doctor may clean the wound once again and apply EPIFIX to your DFU.

You'll need to see your doctor regularly so that the treatment can be reapplied as needed.

Information to share

I've had my DFU for weeks.	
I've tried the following treatments (Check all that app	ly):
 Regularly changing the dressing 	Negative pressure therapy
Ointments and antibiotics (Please list)	Other treatments (Please list)
The following conditions apply to me (Check all that apply):	
Smoker	Chronic inflammation
Obese	Anemia
O Loss of feeling in feet or toes	O Edema
O Cancer	O Immune disease
I've had DFUs in the past. (List how many)	
 Questions to ask Is EPIFIX right for me? How is EPIFIX applied to my wound? How often do I need to have EPIFIX applied? Other questions you may have: 	

Intended Use:

EPIFIX is a barrier intended for use in the treatment of acute and chronic wounds, providing a protective environment to support the healing process.

Contraindications:

EPIFIX should not be used on (1) areas with active or latent infection and/or (2) a patient with a disorder that would create an unacceptable risk of post-operative complications.